

Challenges and Observations in Developing Antarctic Optical Telescopes

——南极天文光学望远镜研制挑战与观测

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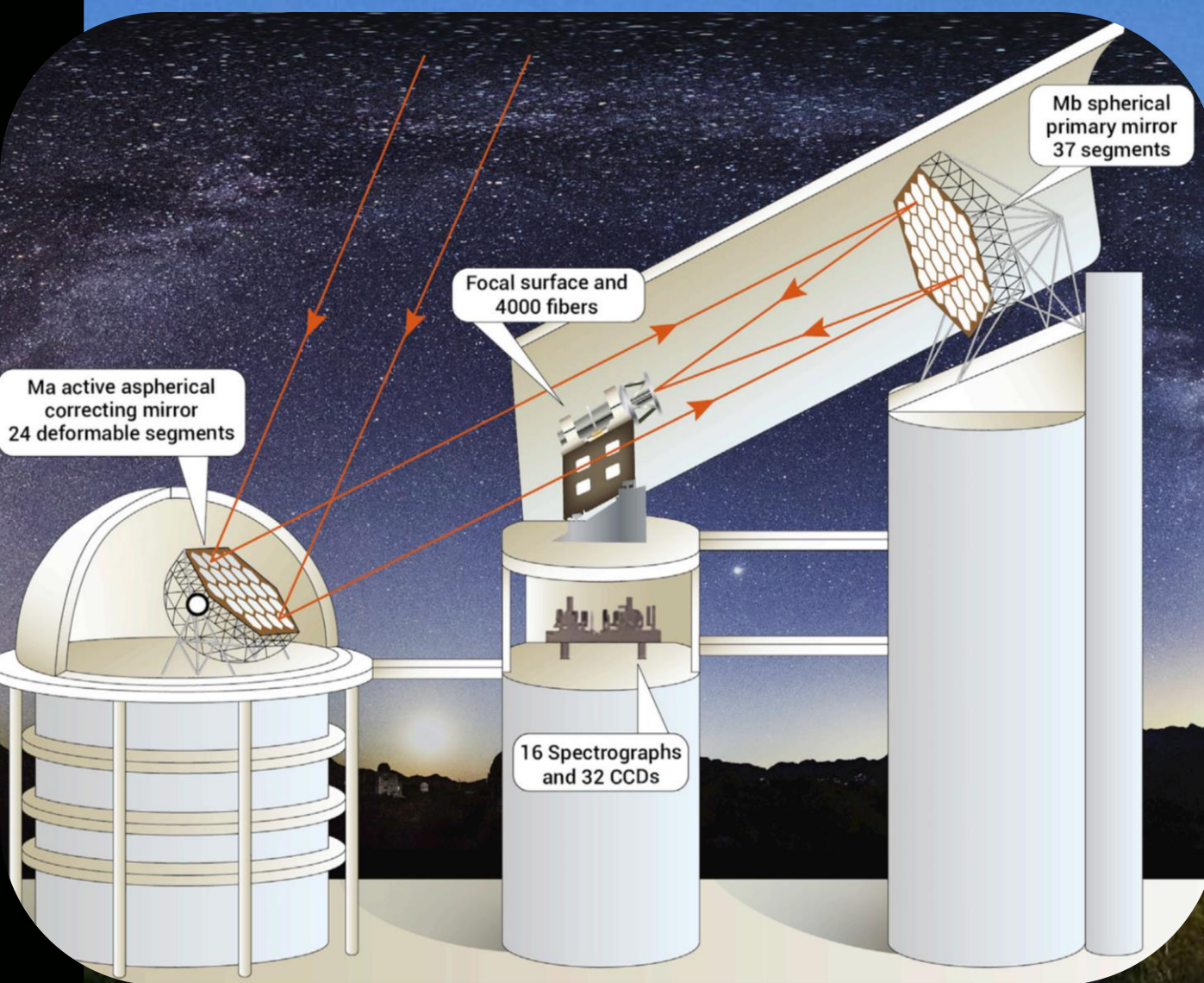
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Hello, I danced in a cold dream.

NIAOT established in 2001, evolved from R&D unit and Mirror Lab of Nanjing Astronomical Instrument Research Center, founded in 1958.

LARGE SKY AREA MULTI OBJECT FIBER SPECTROSCOPIC TELESCOPE (6.5M PRIMARY)



14.5 TELESCOPE



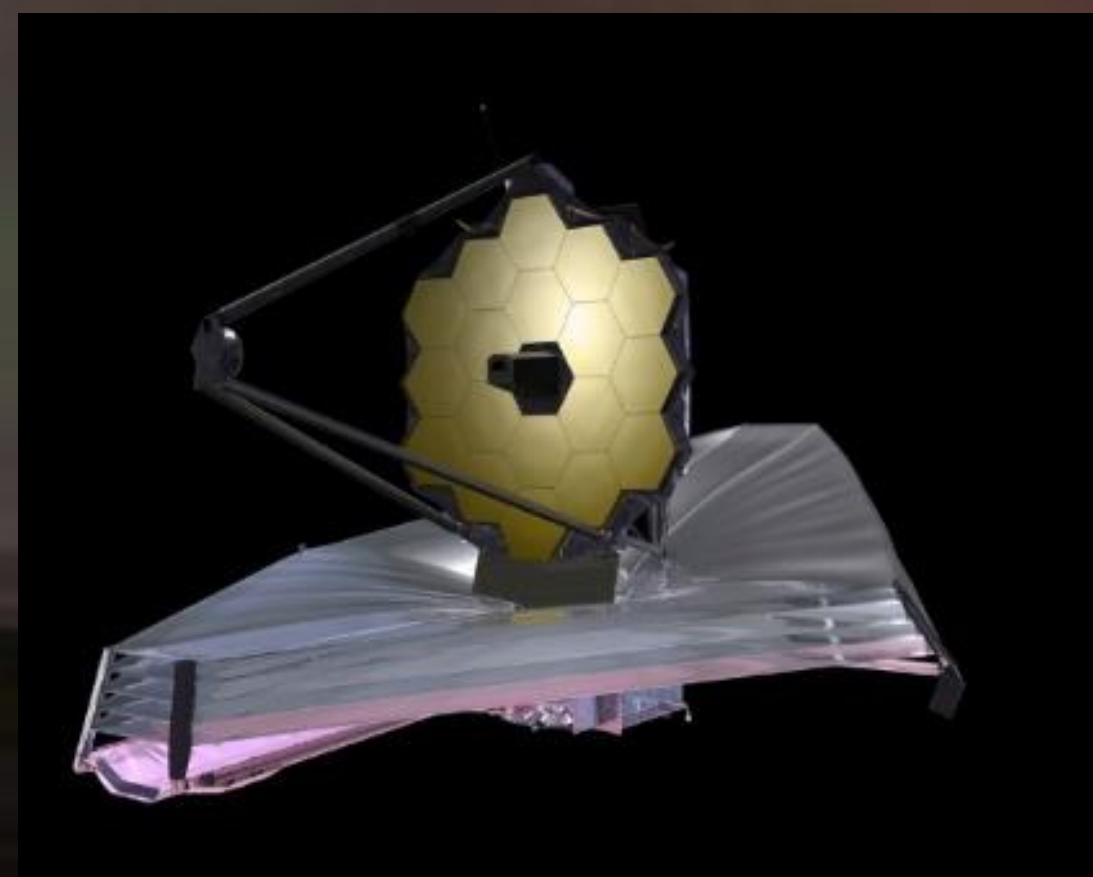
Critical factors for Astro-Telescopes

Antarctic site could offer Earth's clearest view of stars (Nature, 2020)

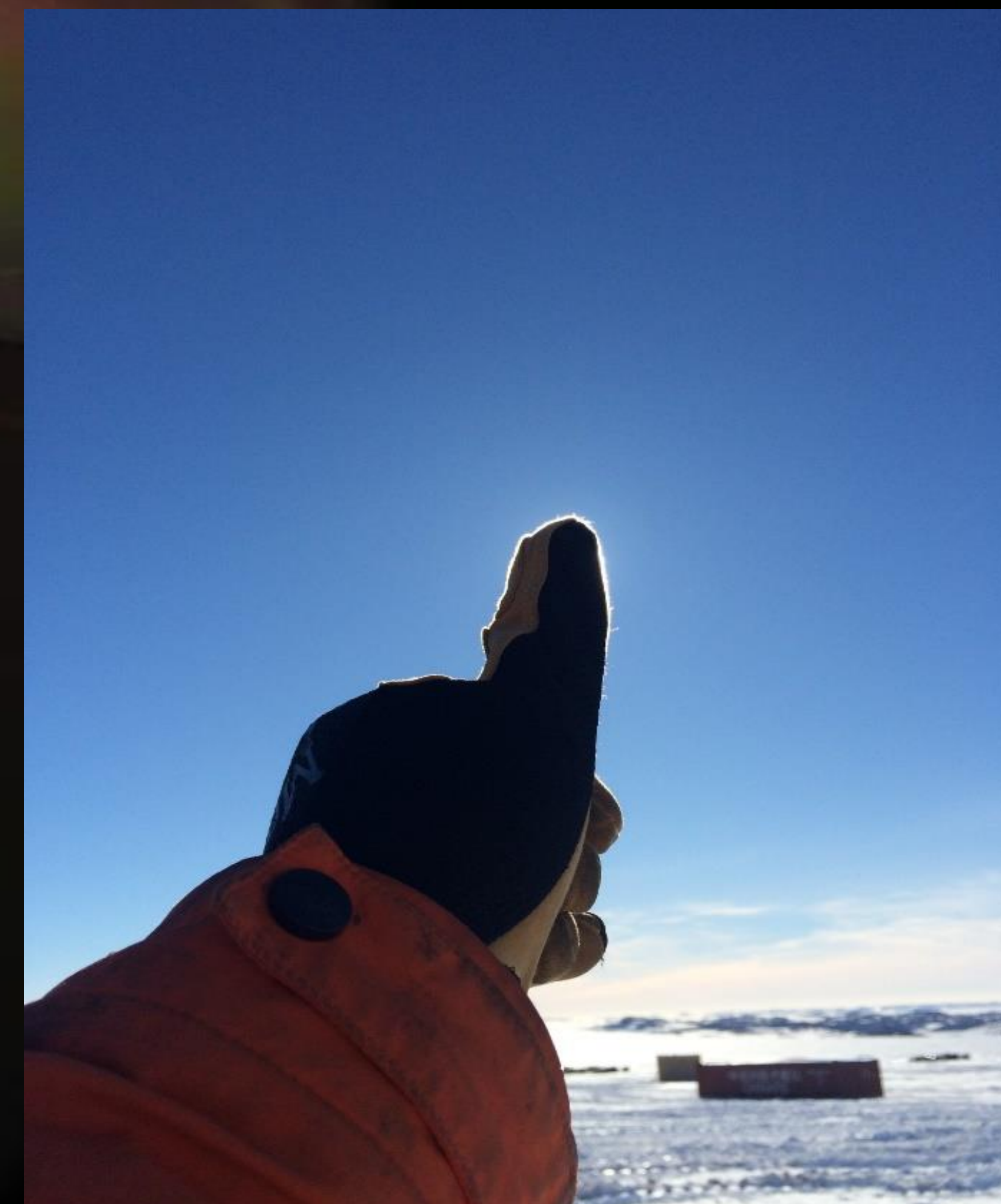
◆ 39meter EELT (Ground base)



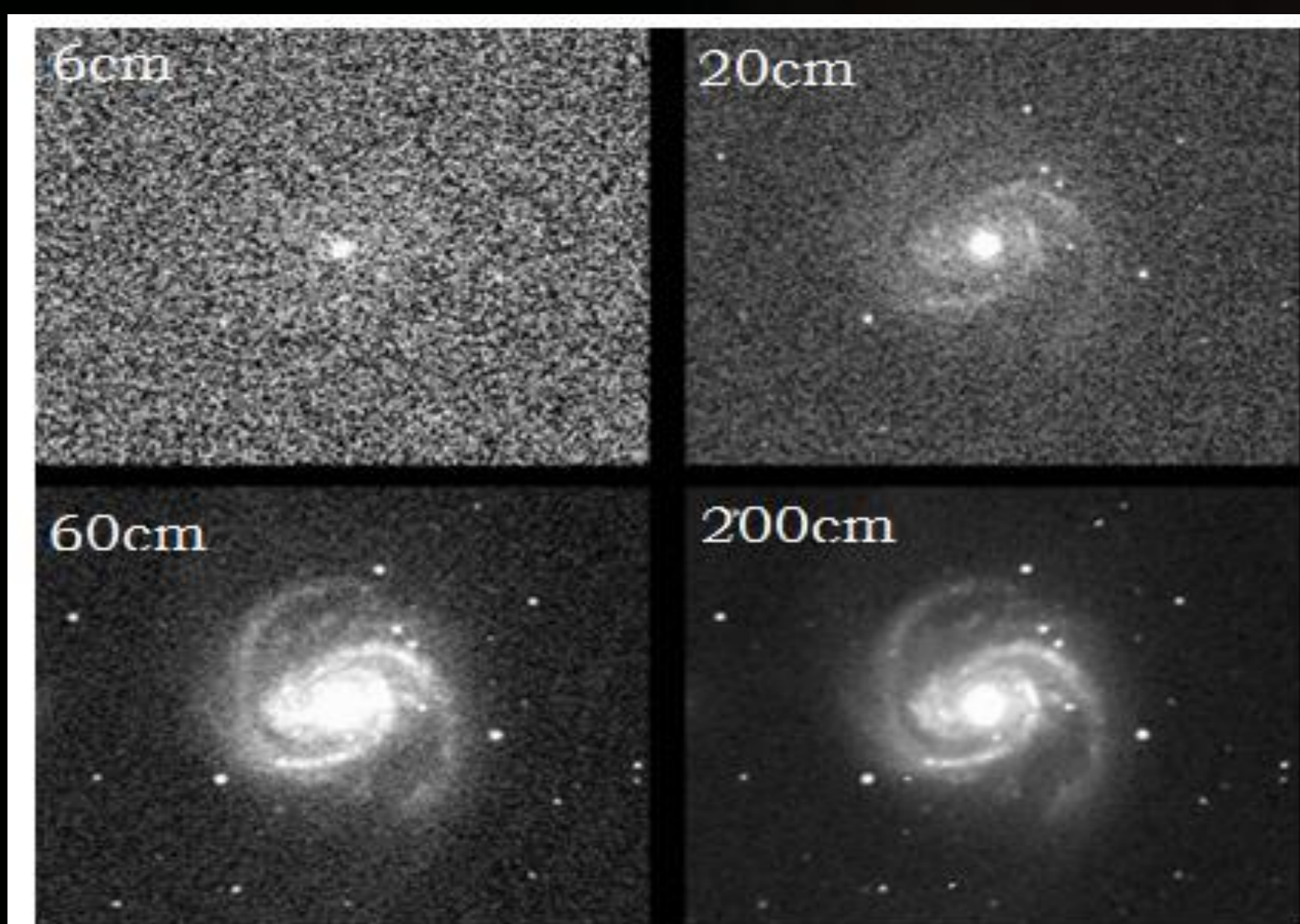
◆ 6.5meter JWST (Space)



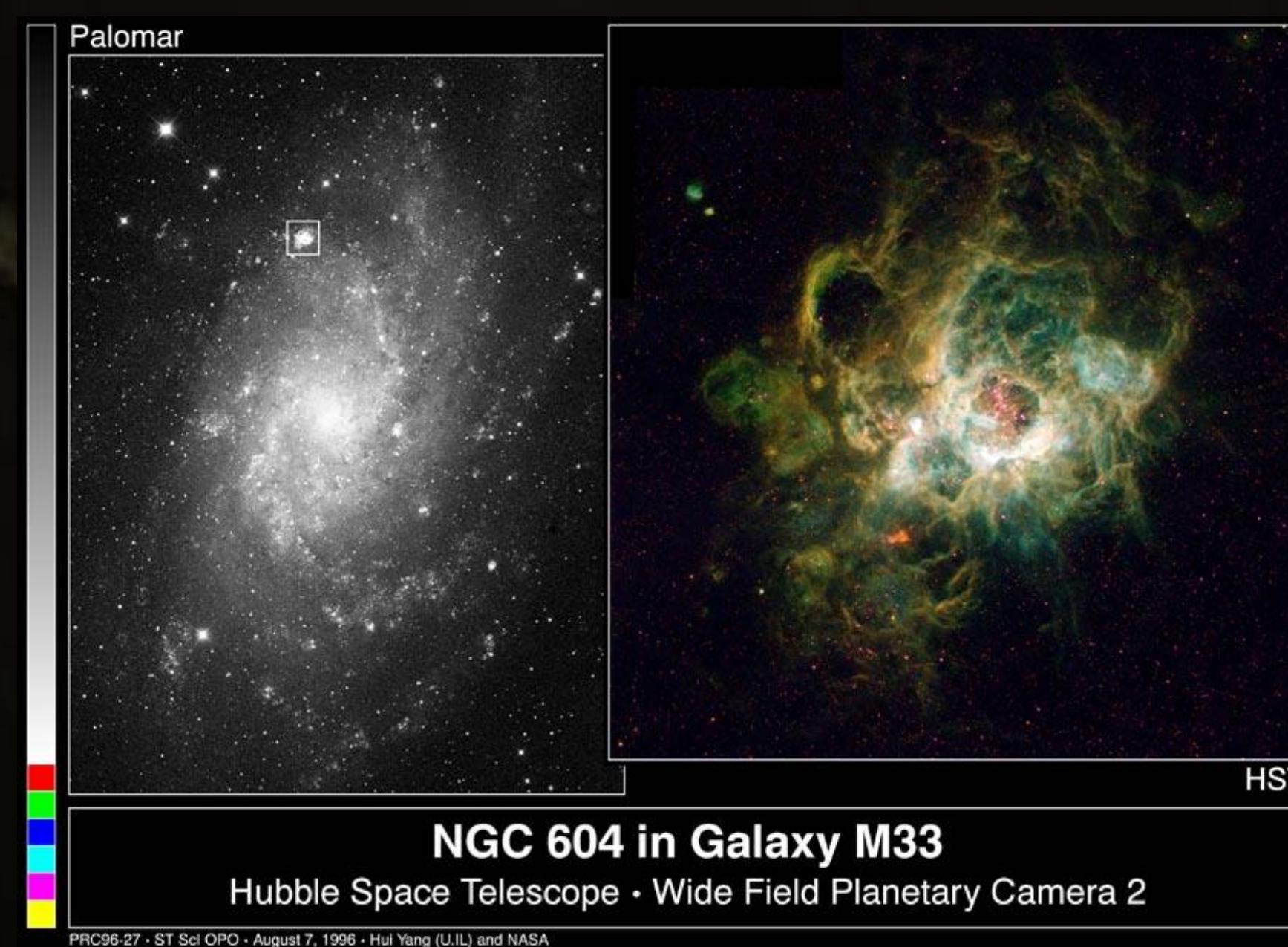
◆ Clean & Thin air (Qusi-Space)



◆ Aperture vs resolution: $\theta = \lambda/D$



◆ Ground base 5m vs Space HST 2.4m



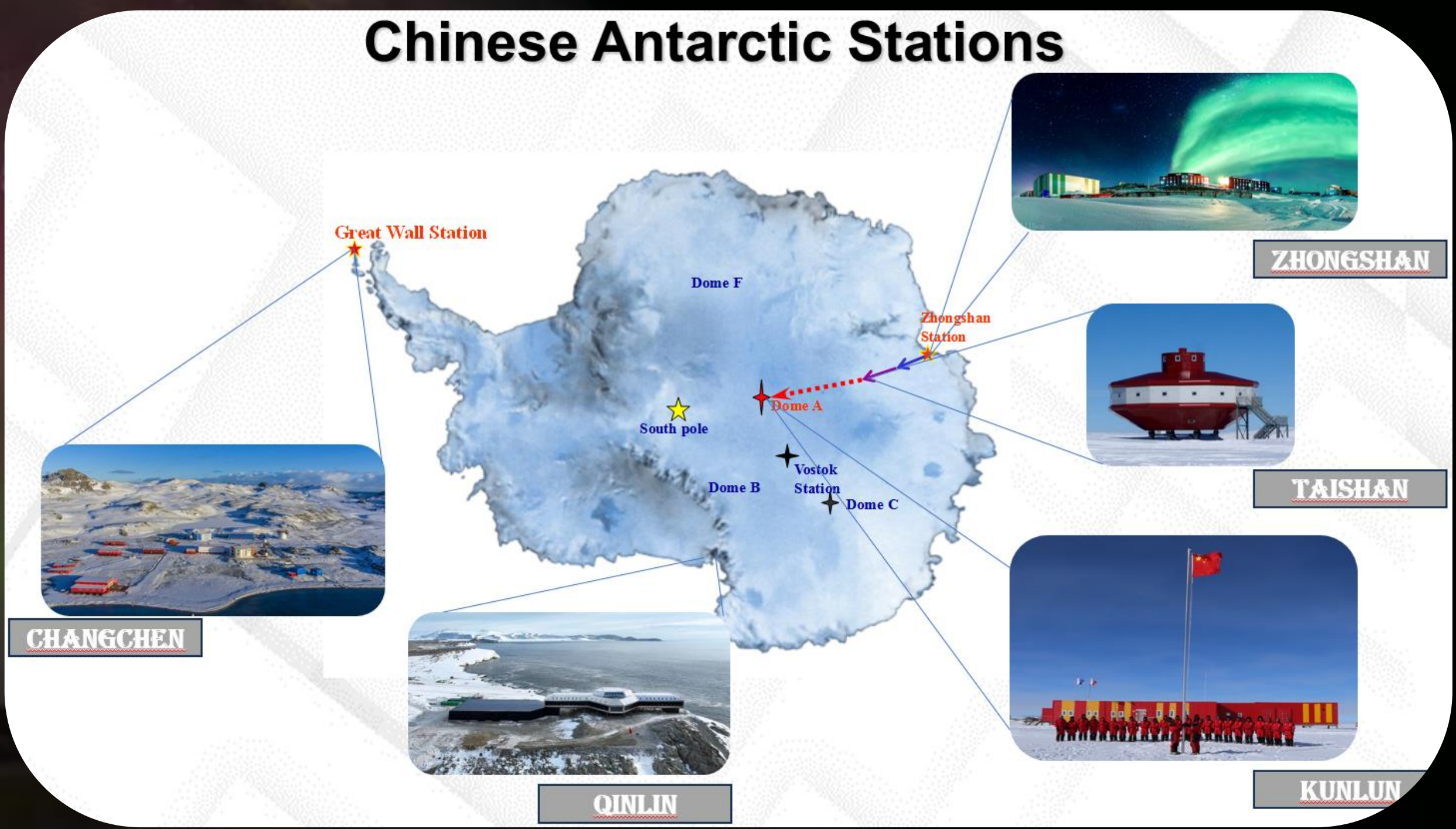
Human-Inaccessible site: Dome A

Dome-Kunlun station
Human-Inaccessible site

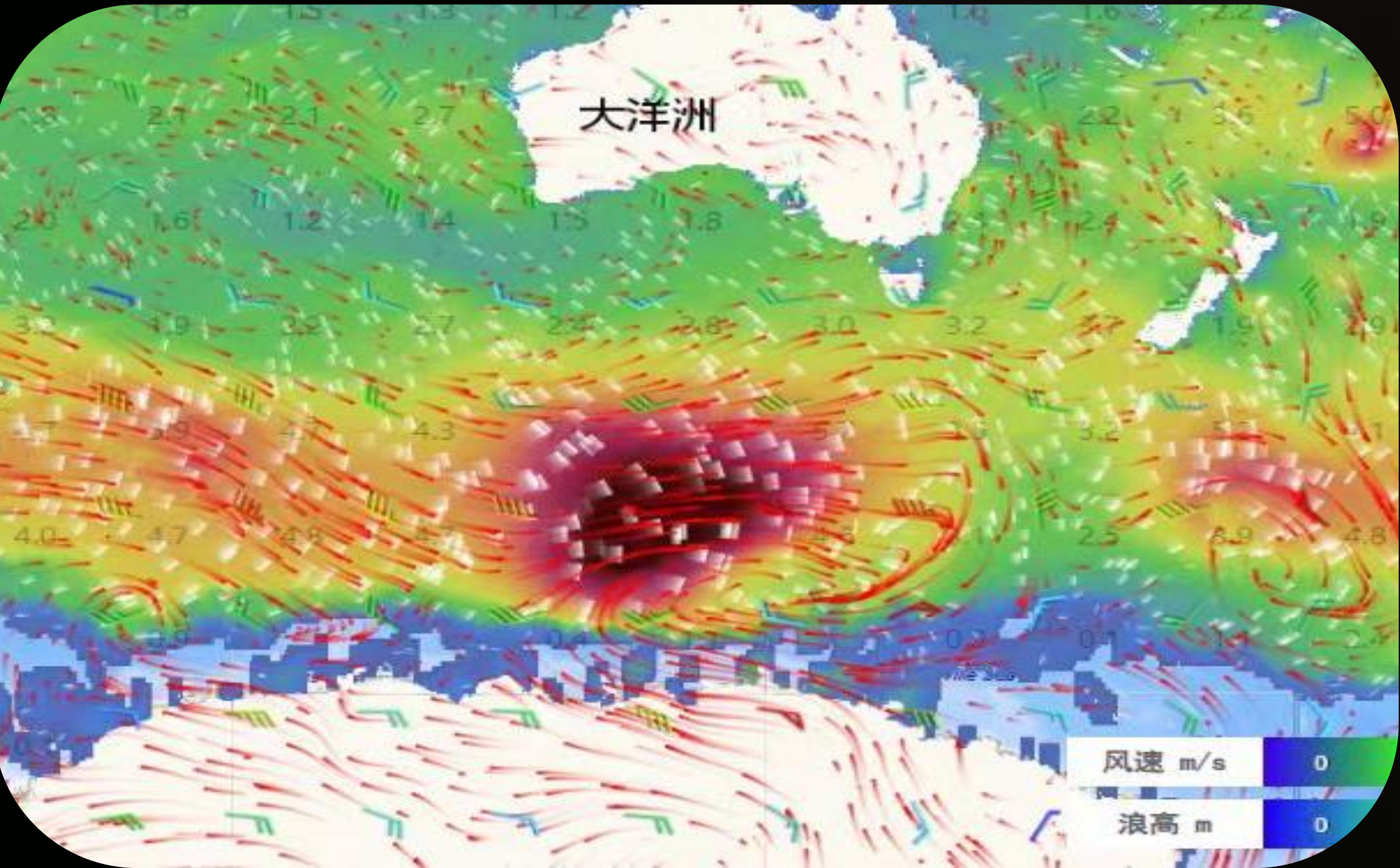
The clearest view of stars

The longest polar night

The most extreme weather



Sounds like an amazing trip, spending 1 month on the XUELONG ship



The warmest season for work there

"Tourist Snapshots at -40°C"

One of the four major scientific highlands—the coldest point, the magnetic pole, the South Pole, and the highest point—is Dome A.

Often referred to as "the pole inaccessible to humanity," Dome A was first reached in 2005. Astronomical observations in this region commenced in 2008, and a research station was established there in 2009.



- In January 2012, I am China's 28th Antarctic scientific expedition member;
- In January 2015, I am China's 31th Antarctic scientific expedition member;
- In January 2024, I am China's 40th Antarctic scientific expedition member;

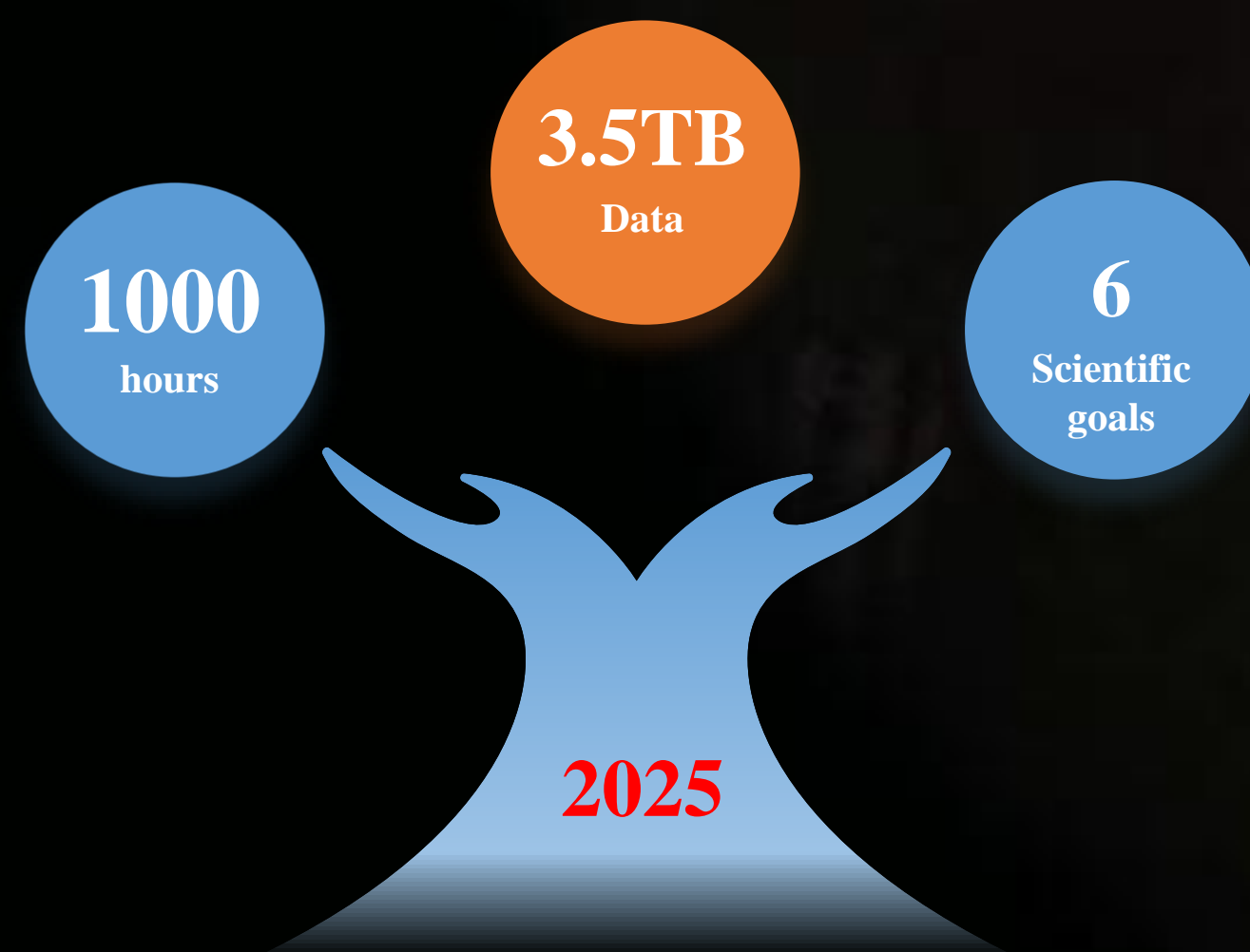
A snowmobile driver who can't cook, will not be a good astronomer.



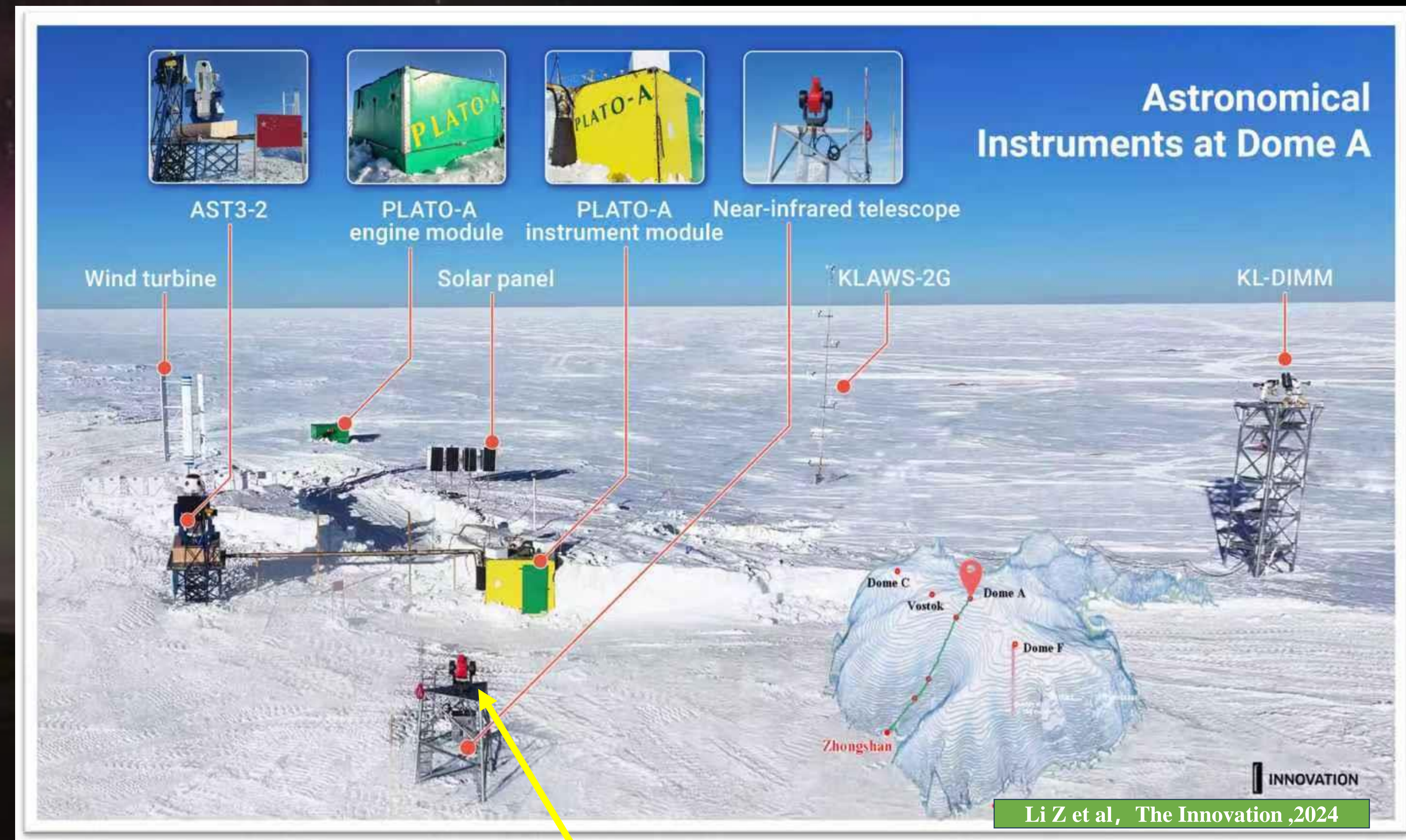
~ 300 days remotely control

Operating Temperature: -60 to -80°C, and under Frost, and Snow Conditions (Low wind speed);
High Single-Point Failure Probability (with Redundancy Mechanism) with limited Energy Supply (1.2 kW during Polar Night, without solar panel and wind turbine)

~ 100 days polar nights (2025)

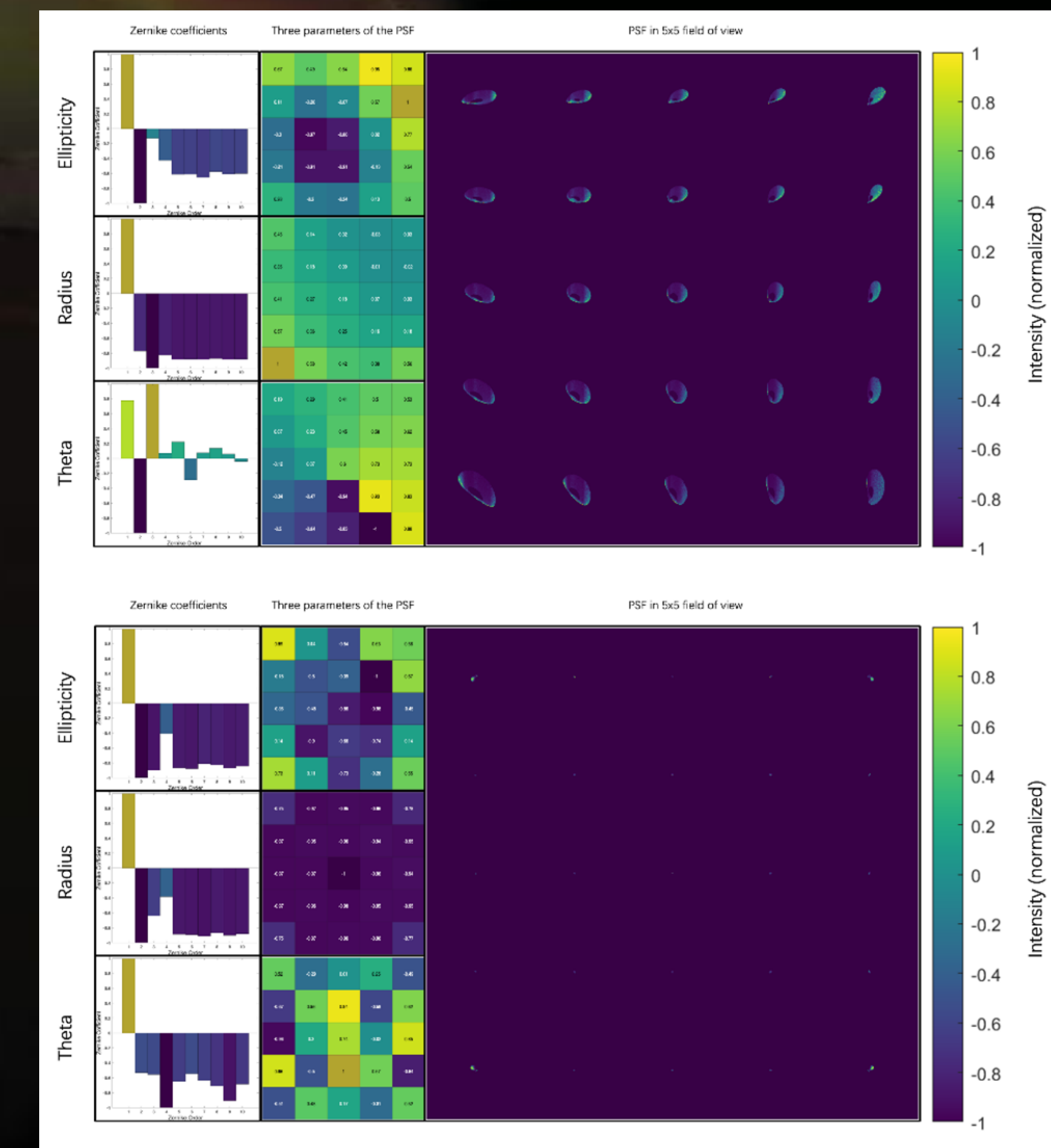
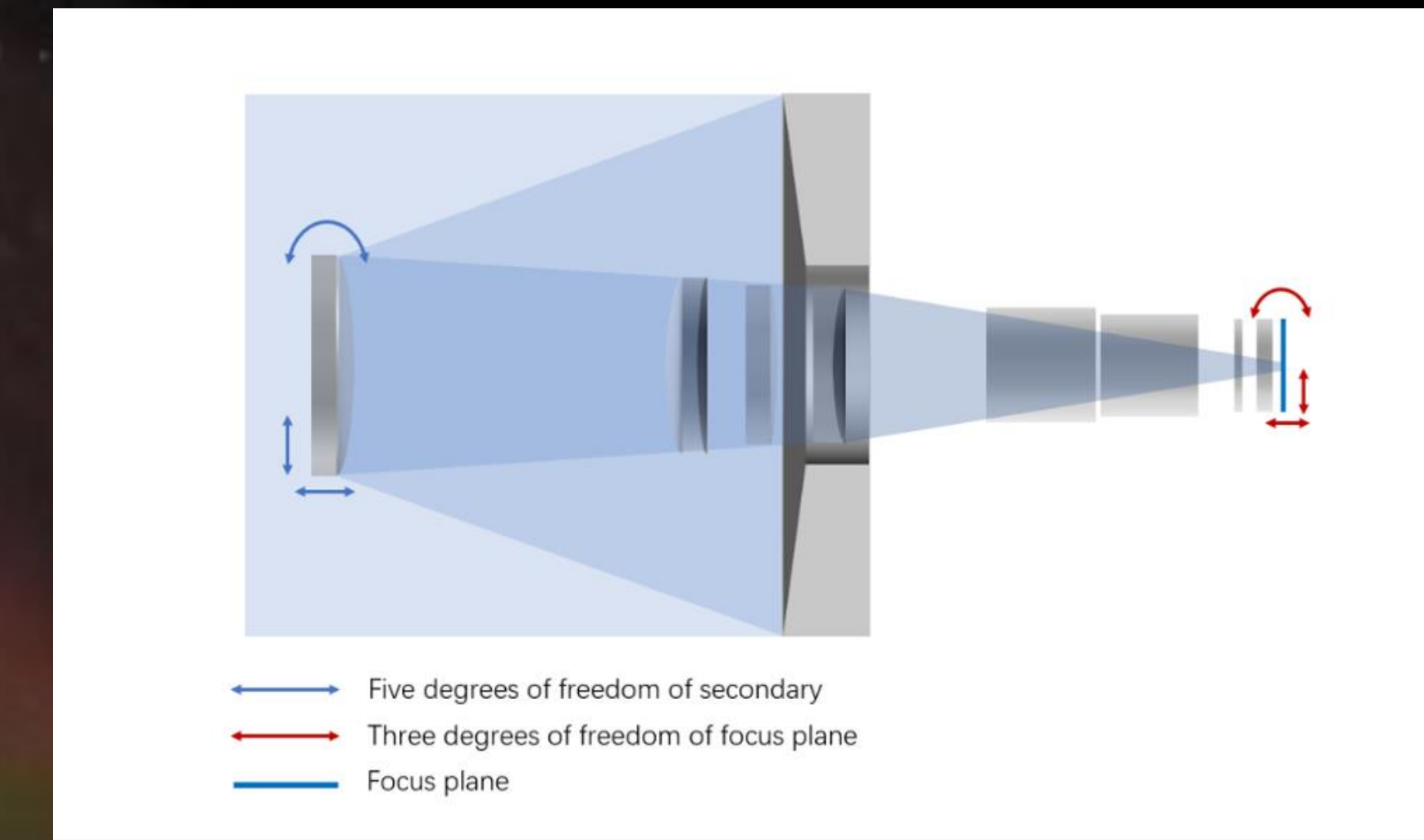
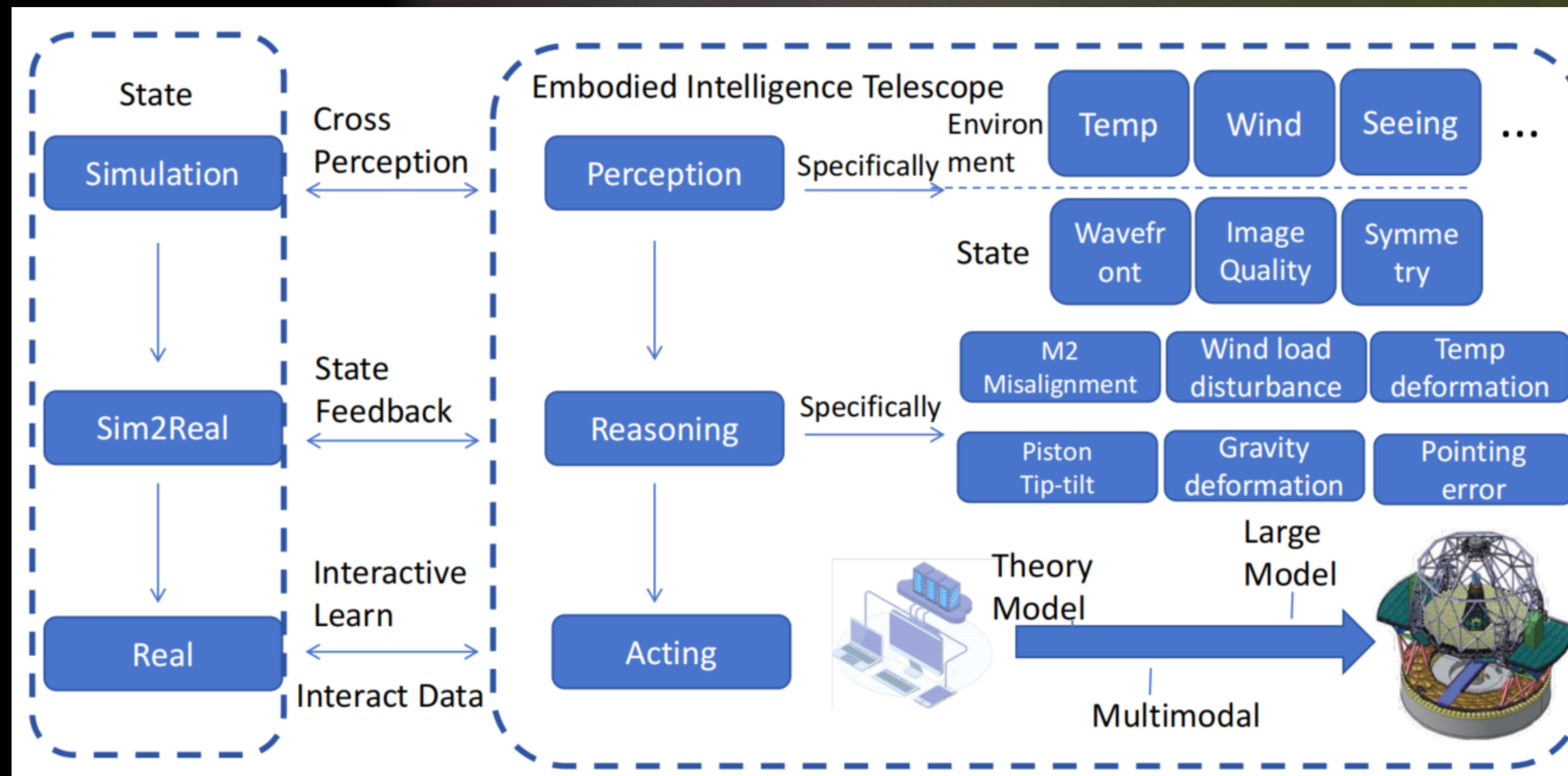


It is expected to last until the end of the 2026 observation season.



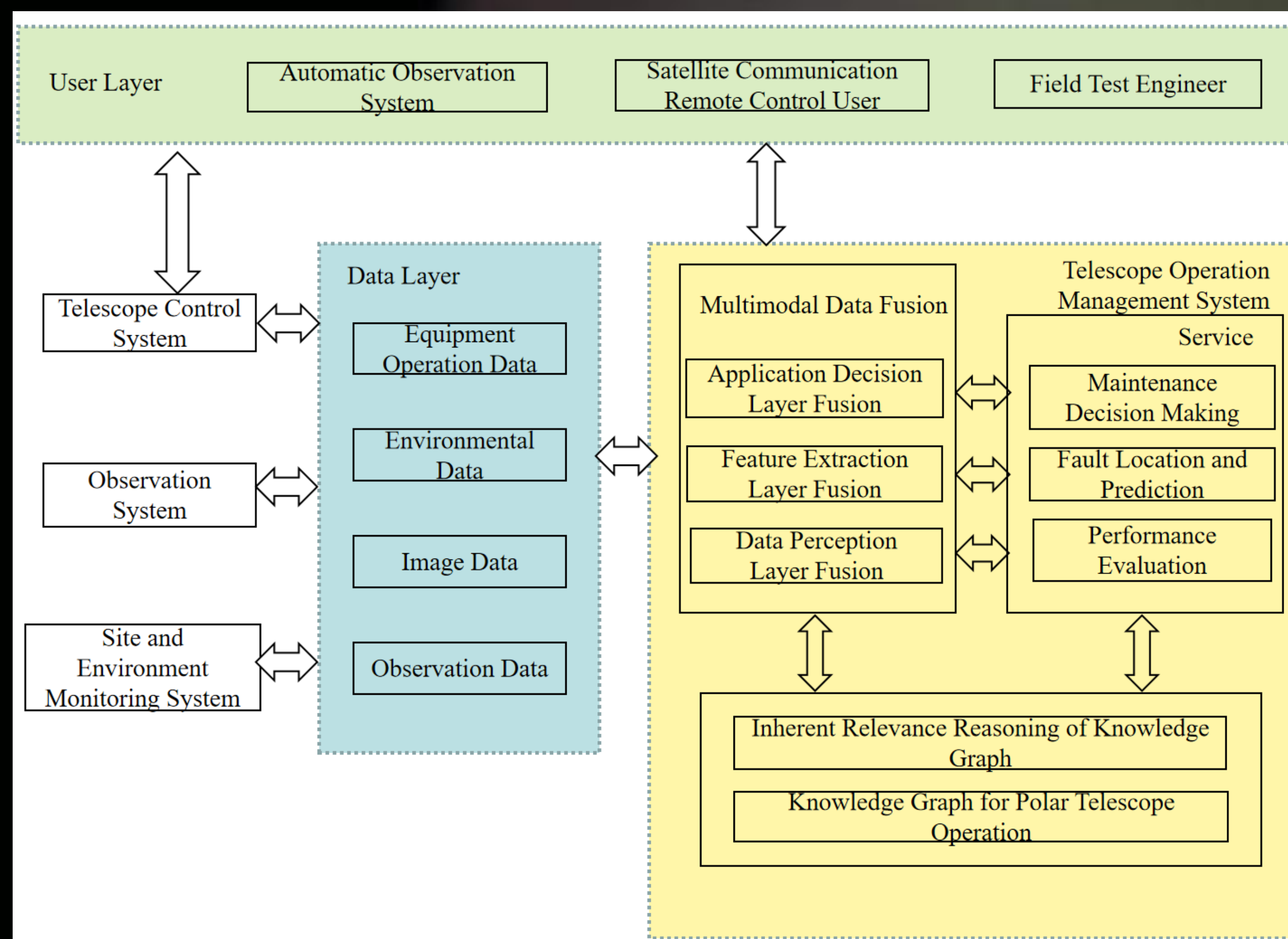
Embodied Intelligence Telescope In Antarctica

- Perception layer: environmental sensors and Image quality sensors
- Reasoning layer: AI models to output correction commands
- Execution layer: keep the telescope in optimal condition

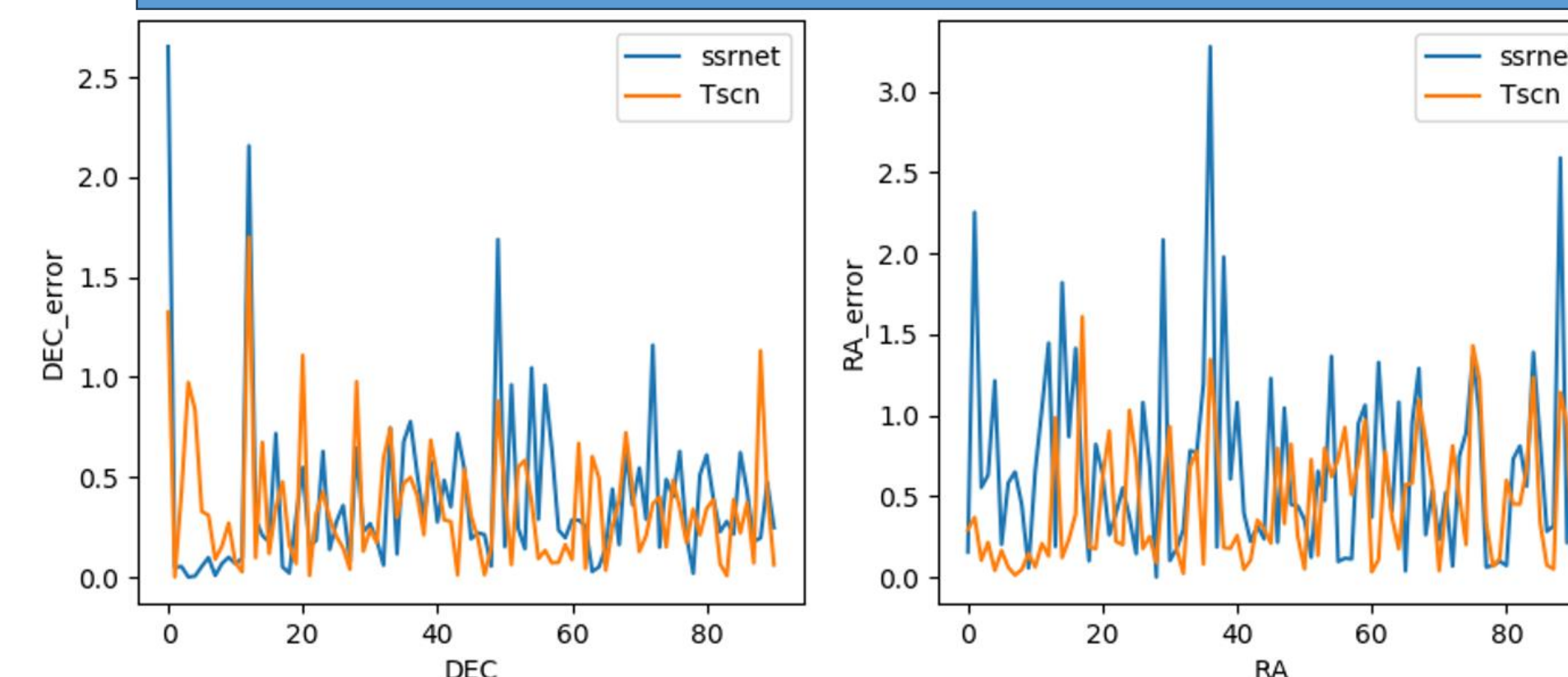


Intelligent Operation Management System for Unmanned Polar Telescopes

- Multimodal data fusion technology
- Knowledge Graph
- Relational reasoning



Data fusion of monitoring images and telescope motion status



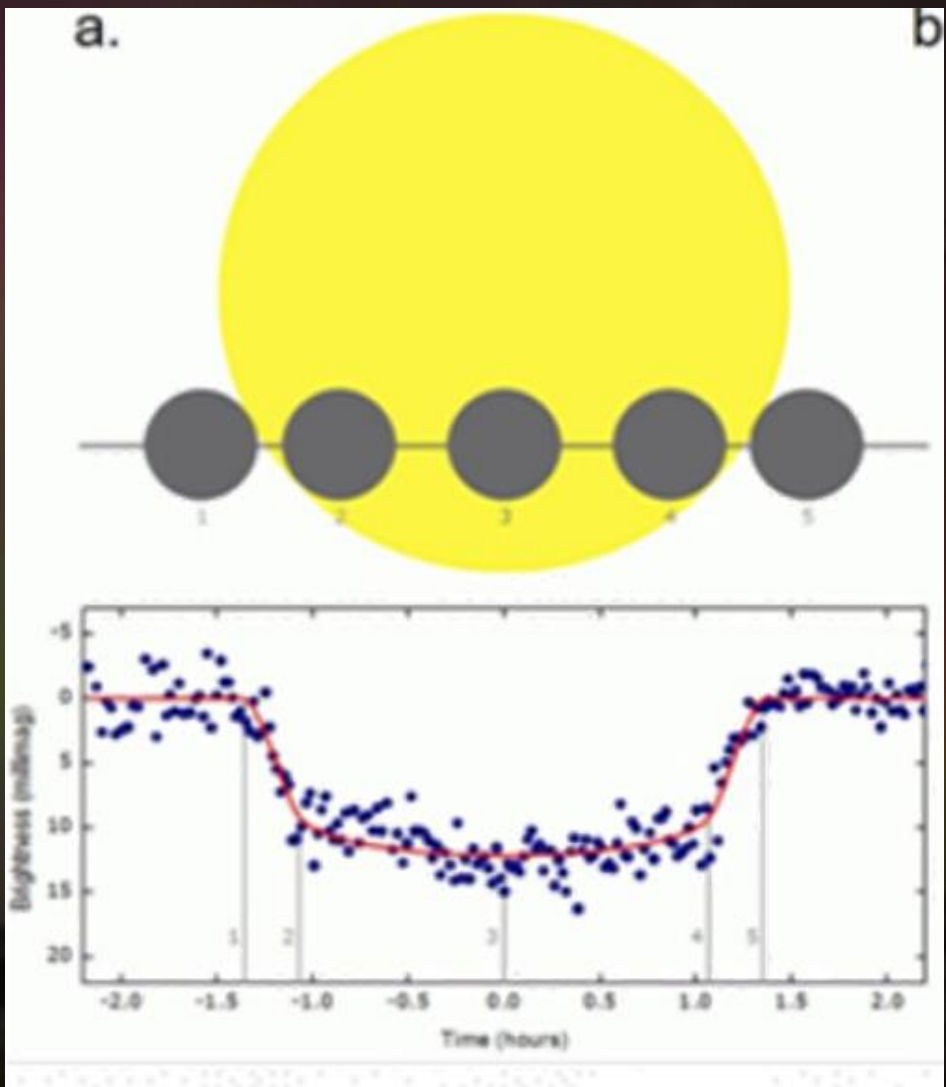
Exceptional achievements

- Gravitational wave optical counterpart observations,
- Supernova searches,
- Exo-planets searches,
- Daytime infrared background measurements,
- Space debris monitoring, and other scientific objectives (~510 + 117 variable stars, etc.)

Three Approaches to Data Management with AI



Hu L. et al, Science Bulletin, 2017



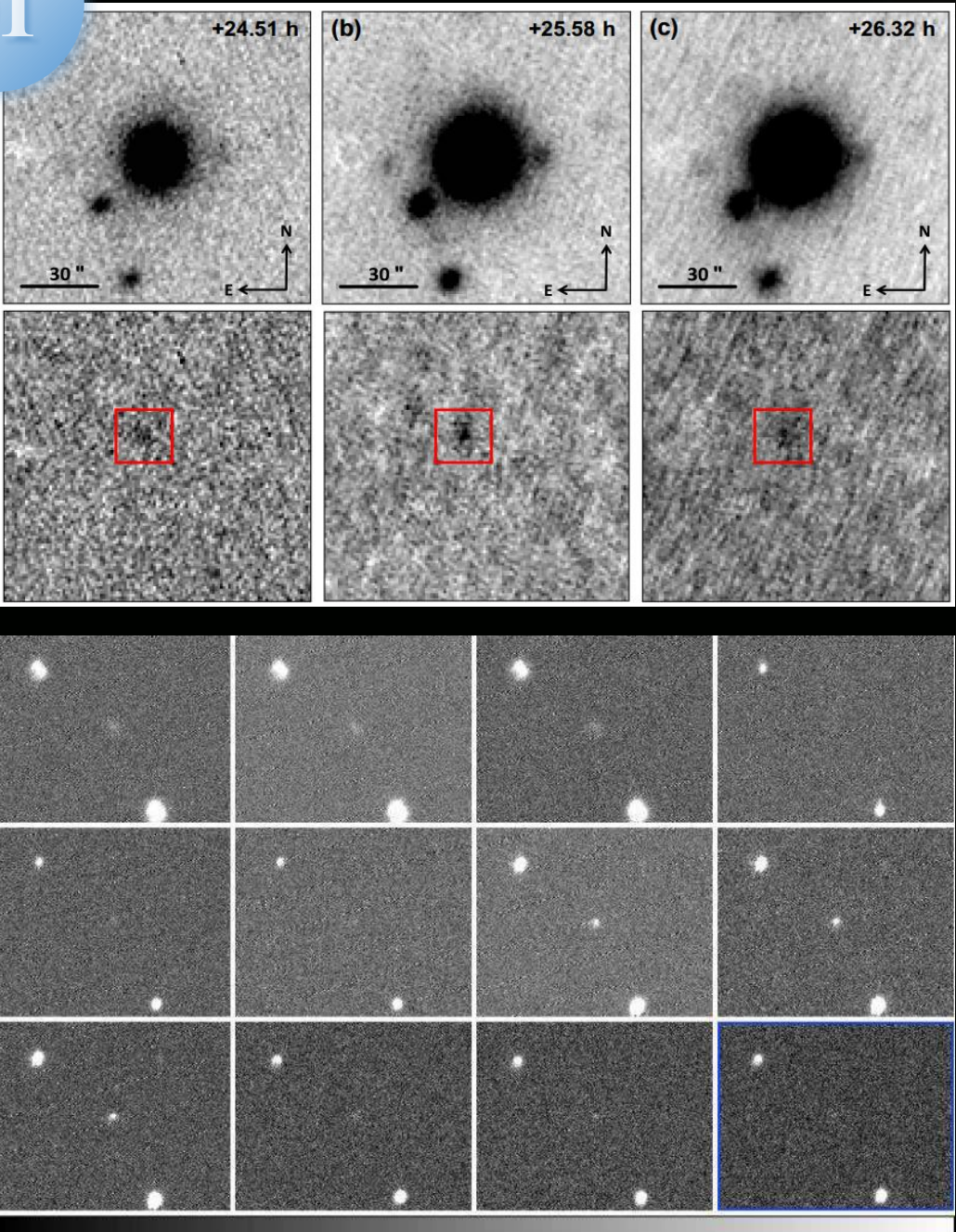
Zhang H et al, APJS, 2018, 2019, 2020



Li Z et al, PASP, 2024

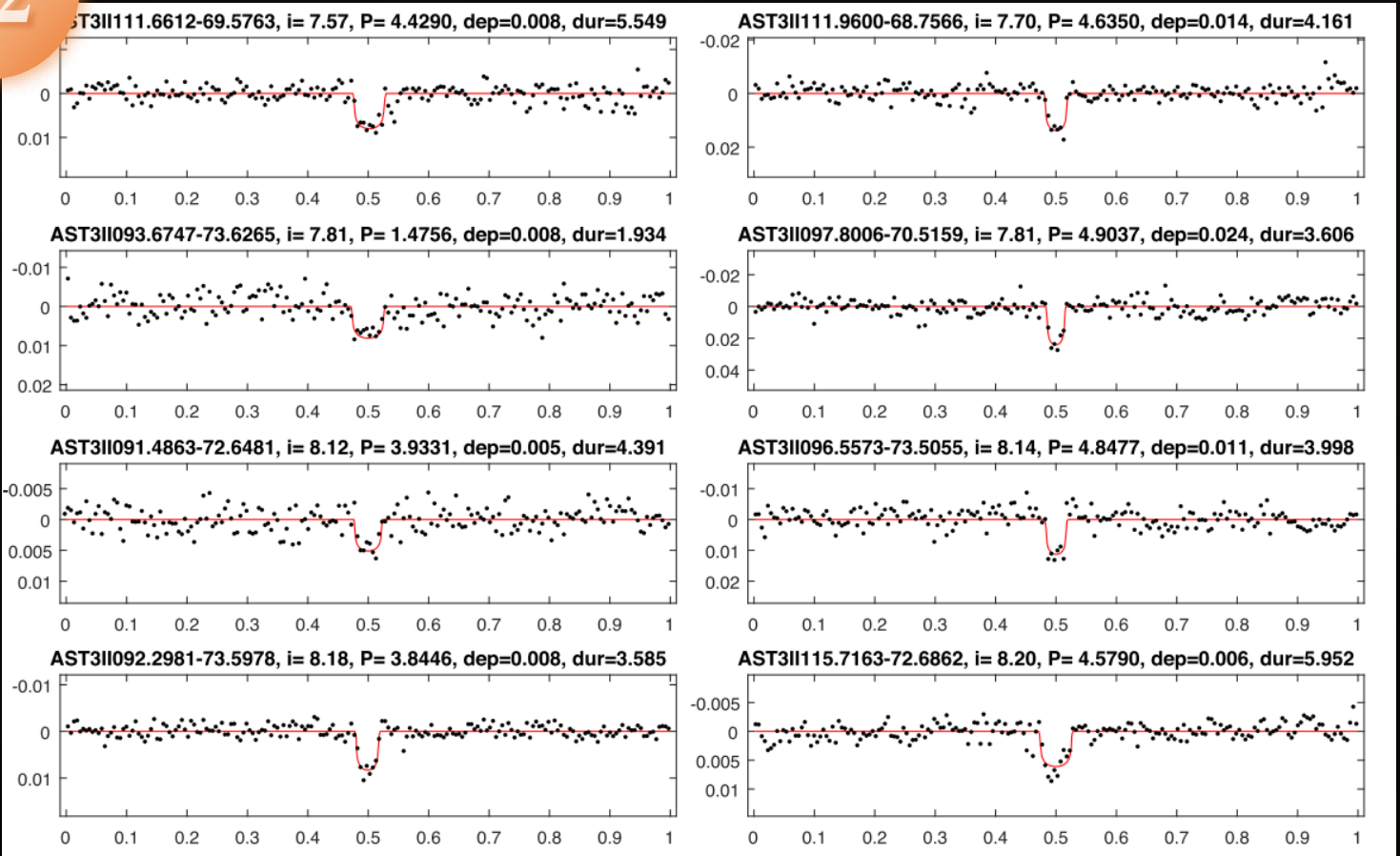
01

☐ In-situ data ROI (20 KB)



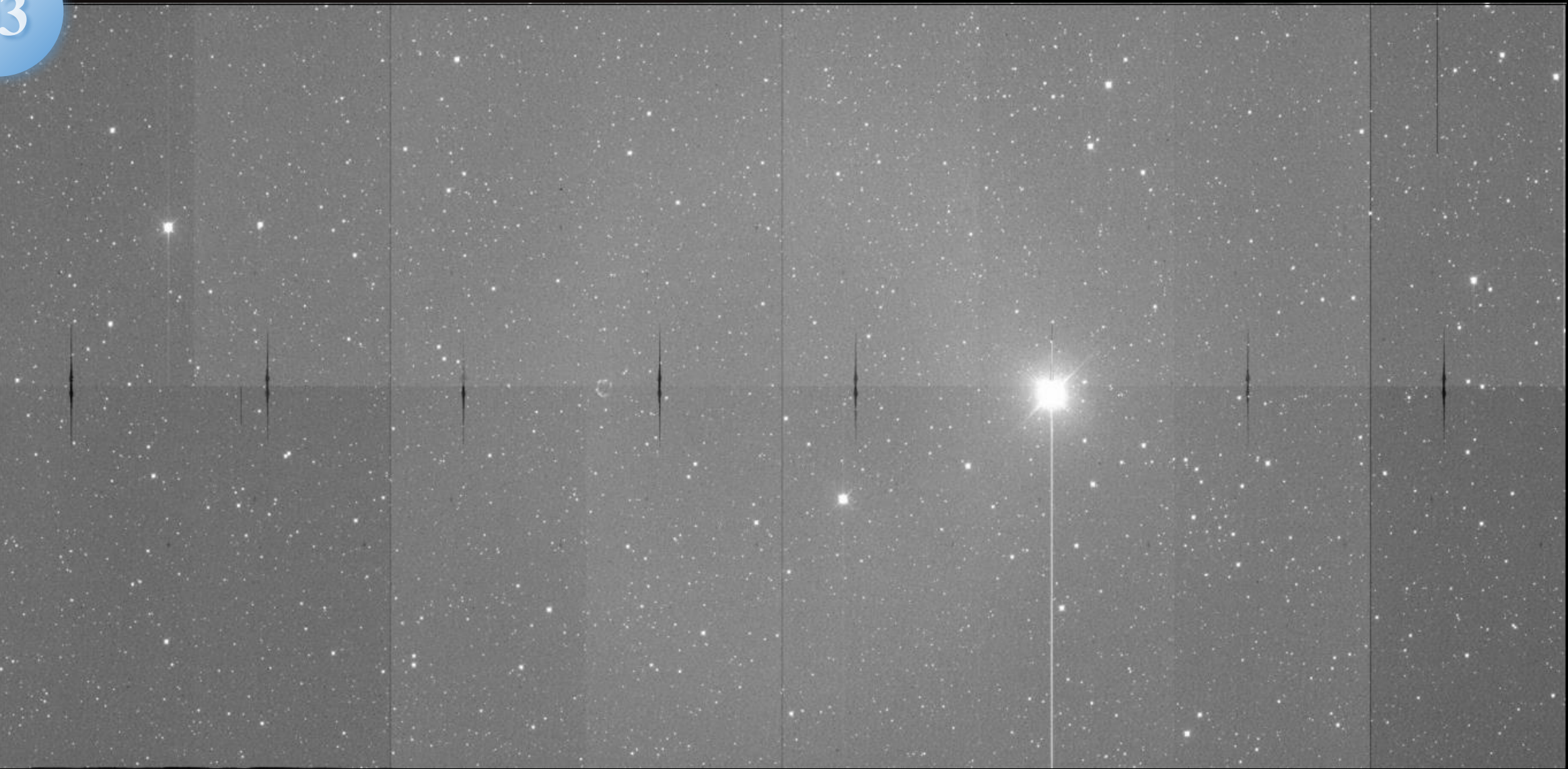
02

☐ In-situ data analysis & catalog transfer via satellites

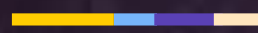


03

☐ Carrying back the HDD annually



Rewards: Astronomers' happiness



Standing on the white wasteland, the sky is gradually turning dusk gray. The egg-yolk-like moon is hanging there, huge in size. I'm so worried that it might fall down. In a daze, I feel as if I'm on another planet. There isn't a single sound around.



A great many
penguins



THANK YOU

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仰望星空 脚踏实地